**Constitutional Elements**

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| **1)   Which amendment act inserted provision regarding authoritative text of the constitution in the Hindi language?**  **a.** 58th Amendment Act, 1987 **b.** 56th Amendment Act, 1985  **c.** 51st Amendment Act, 1982 **d.** None of the above   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **2)   Which of the following statement/statements is/are true? 1) Hindi though being considered as the official language of India, it is optional for the centre to promote the spread and development of Hindi as some might consider it discrimination against other languages. 2) Hindi is the national language of India. However, though being the official language of India, it is used along with English.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |  | |
| **3)   Which of the following is/are true regarding the constitutional position of Hindi language? 1) Hindi written in Devanagari script with the Devanagari form of numerals is to be the official language of the Union.  2) It was decided that for a period of ten years from the commencement of the constitution, English language would continue to be used for all the official purposes.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |
| **4)   Which of the following is/are true regarding language of communication in Indian polity? 1) Hindi communication between a Hindi and a non-Hindi state, should be accompanied by an English translation. 2) If one or more states want they can enter into an agreement with the Union to have language of communication to be Hindi along with English.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |
| **5)   Which of the following is/are true? 1) The legislature of a state may adopt any one or more of the languages in use in the state or Hindi as the official language of that state. 2) The proceedings of the Supreme Court are to be carried out in English or Hindi only.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |  | |
| **6)   Parliament and State Legislatures can establish tribunals for adjudicating disputes relating to which of the following matters? 1) Taxation. 2) Insurance. 3) Consumer complaints. 4) Rent and tenancy rights.**  **a.** 1 and 4 **b.** 2 and 3 **c.** 1 and 3 **d.** All of the above   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |
| **7)   Which of the following is/are true regarding State Administrative Tribunals (SATs)? 1) Chairman of SAT is appointed by the respective State’s Governor. 2) Madhya Pradesh does not have SAT.**   **a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |  | |
| **8)   Which of the following places is not a principle seat of High Court but has a regular bench of Central Administrative Tribunal (CAT)?**  **a.** Jaipur **b.** Chandigarh **c.** Cuttack **d.** Mumbai   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **9)   Provisions with respect to tribunals were added by which Amendment Act?**  **a.** 44th  **b.** 24th  **c.** 42nd  **d.** 25th   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **10)   The 44th Amendment Act (1978) has abolished the constitutional obligation to pay compensation in regard to the compulsory acquisition of private property by the governments except in case of -**  **a.** When the government acquires the property of tribals  **b.** When the government acquires the property of a minority religious institution  **c.** When the government acquires the property of a minority educational institution  **d.** None of the above |
| **11)   What is tort?**  **a**. Criminal wrong **b**. Civil wrong **c**. Charges of accidental death or disability **d**. All the above   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **12)   Which of the following is/are true regarding suing public officials? 1) No criminal or civil proceedings can be started against the President and the Governors in respect of their personal acts nor can they be arrested or imprisoned. 2) The constitution grants immunity to the President, Governors and Ministers for their official acts.   a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |  | |
| **13)   Which of the following is/are true? 1) Safeguards against any arbitrary dismissal from their posts are applicable to members of civil and defense services whether they are from state or center. 2) The opportunity of being heard is given to a civil servant at two stages - at the inquiry stage and at the punishment stage.   a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |
| **14)   Which of the following is/are true? 1) Provisions regard to All-India Services, Central Services and State Services do not apply to Jammu and Kashmir unless explicitly mentioned. 2) Members of the civil services of a state hold office during the pleasure of the Governor of the state 3) State Legislature can impose reasonable restrictions on the Fundamental Rights of public servants.**  **a. 1, 2 b. 1 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **15)   Who is the Chief Protagonist of All-India Services?**  **a. Jawaharlal Nehru b. Rajendra Prasad**  **c. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel d. Dr. Ambedkar**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **16)   Which of the following are State Services? 1) Civil Service. 2) Judicial Service. 3) Police Service.**  **a. 1, 3 b. 1, 2 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |
| **17)   Which of the following are Central Services? 1) Indian Foreign Service. 2) Indian Revenue Service. 3) Indian Postal Service.**  **a. 1, 2 b. 1, 3 c. 2, 3 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **18)   Which of the following statement/statements is/are true regarding Part IX-B of Indian Constitution? 1)The provisions of this part shall not apply to the multi-state co-operative societies. 2)Every co-operative society shall file returns, within 3 months of the close of every financial year.   a. Only 1 b. Only 2 c. Both 1 and 2 d. Neither 1 nor 2**   |  | | --- | |  | |  | |  | |
| **19)   In general, no Board of Directors shall be superseded or kept under suspension for a period exceeding –**  **a. 2 months b. 3 months c. 6 months d. 12 months**   |  | | --- | |  | |
| **20)   Constitutional status and protection has been awarded to co-operative societies which led to changes in which of the following sections of the constitution? 1) Fundamental Rights. 2) DPSPs. 3) Fundamental Duties. 4) A new part was added in constitution.**  **a. Only 1 and 3 b. Only 1, 2 and 3 c. Only 1, 2 and 4 d. All of the above**   |  | | --- | |  | |

**21)   Which of the following are reasons for the 97th Constitutional Amendment Act of 2011?  
1) Performance in qualitative terms has not been up to the desired level.  
2) Revitalize these institutions.  
3) To ensure that the co-operative societies in the country function in a democratic, professional and economically stable manner.  
4) Unprofessional management.** 

**a.** 1, 2 and 3

**b.** 2 and 4

**c.** 2 and 3

**d.** All of the above